



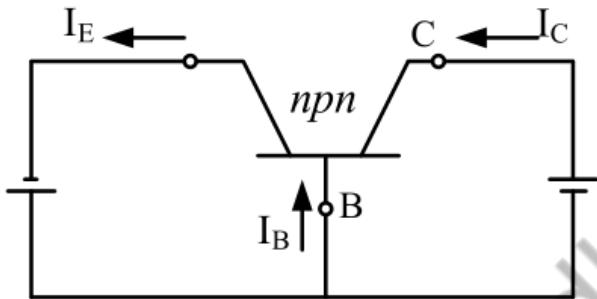
Electrical Science: 2021-22

Lecture 25

BJT Amplifiers-Part1

By Dr. Sanjay Vidhyadharan

BJT Currents in Forward-Active Mode



$$1. \quad I_E = I_B + I_C$$

$$2. \quad I_C = \beta I_B$$

$$3. \quad \beta = \frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha} \quad (20 - 200)$$

$$4. \quad \alpha = \frac{\beta}{1+\beta} \quad (0.95 - 0.995)$$

BJT DC and Small Signal Equivalent

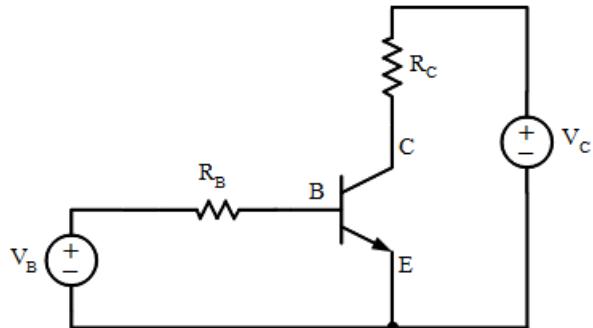
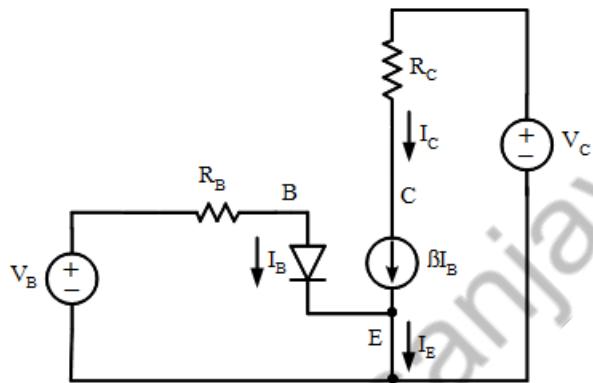
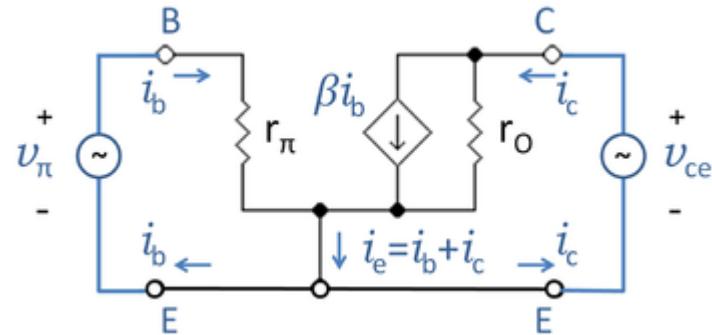
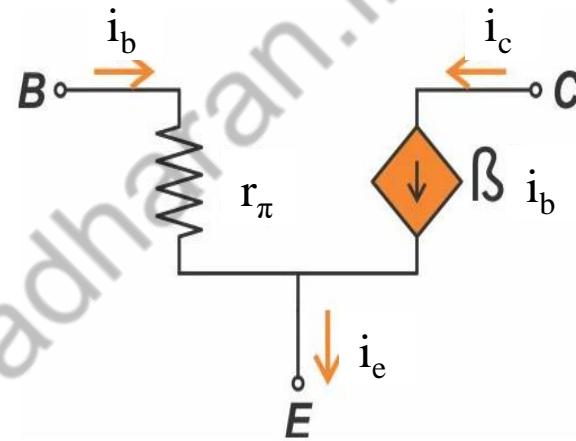


Fig 1: BJT Switch



DC Equivalent Circuit

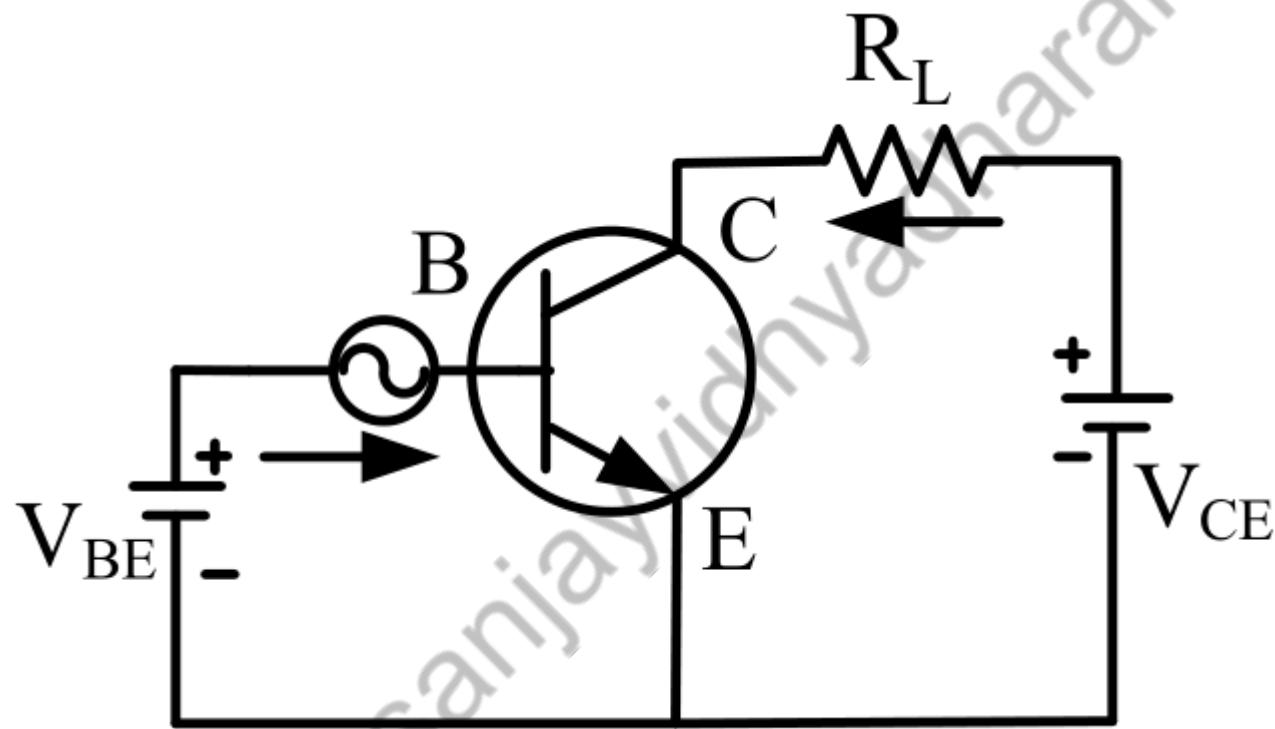


AC Equivalent Circuit

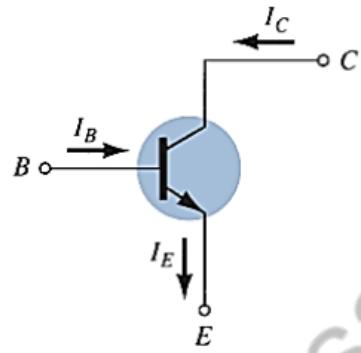
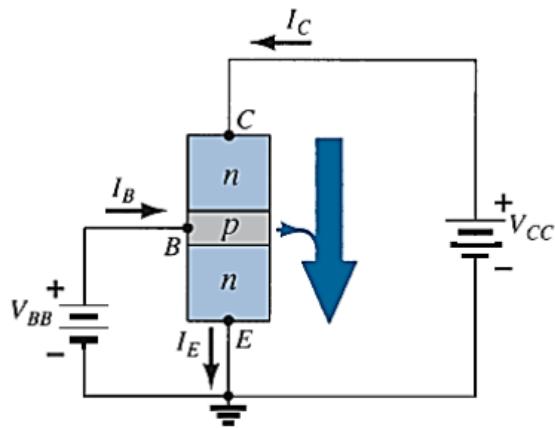
BJT Amplifier/Circuit Configurations

- Common-Emitter Configuration
- Common-Collector Configuration
- Common-Base Configuration

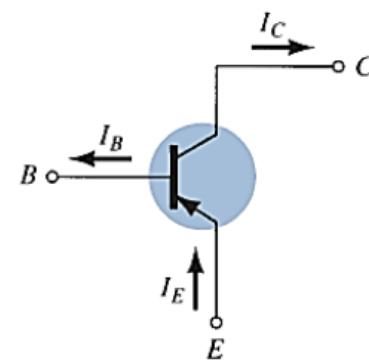
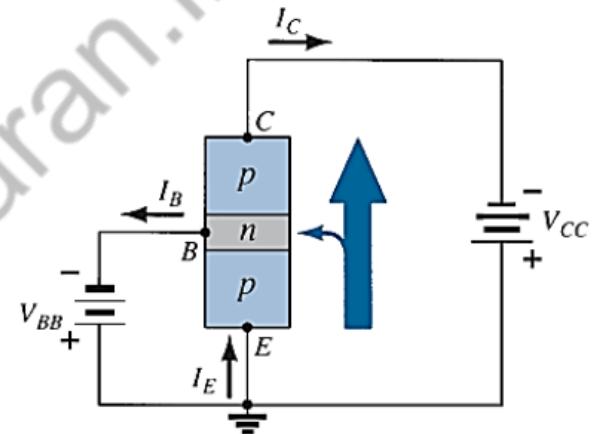
Common-Emitter Configuration



Common-Emitter Configuration



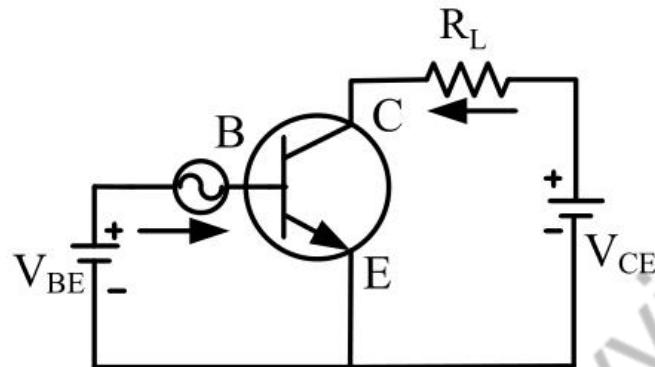
(a) *npn* transistor



(b) *pnp* transistor

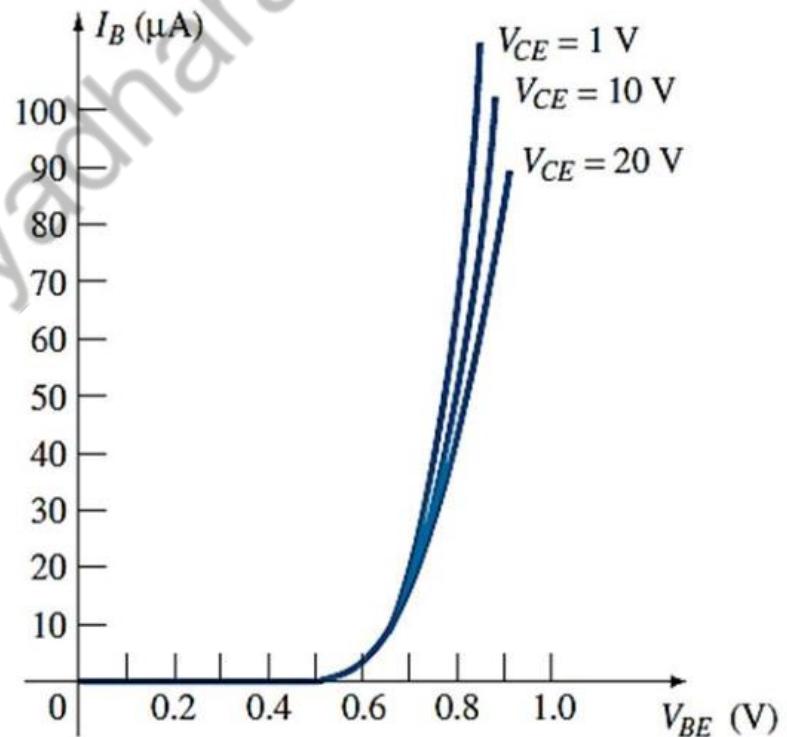
Common-Emitter Configuration

Input dc characteristics in Common-Emitter configuration



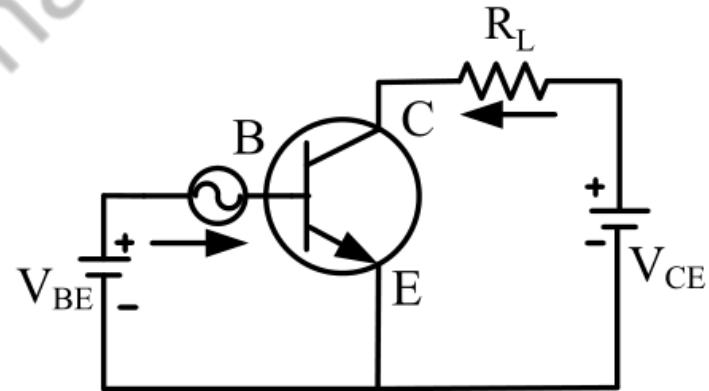
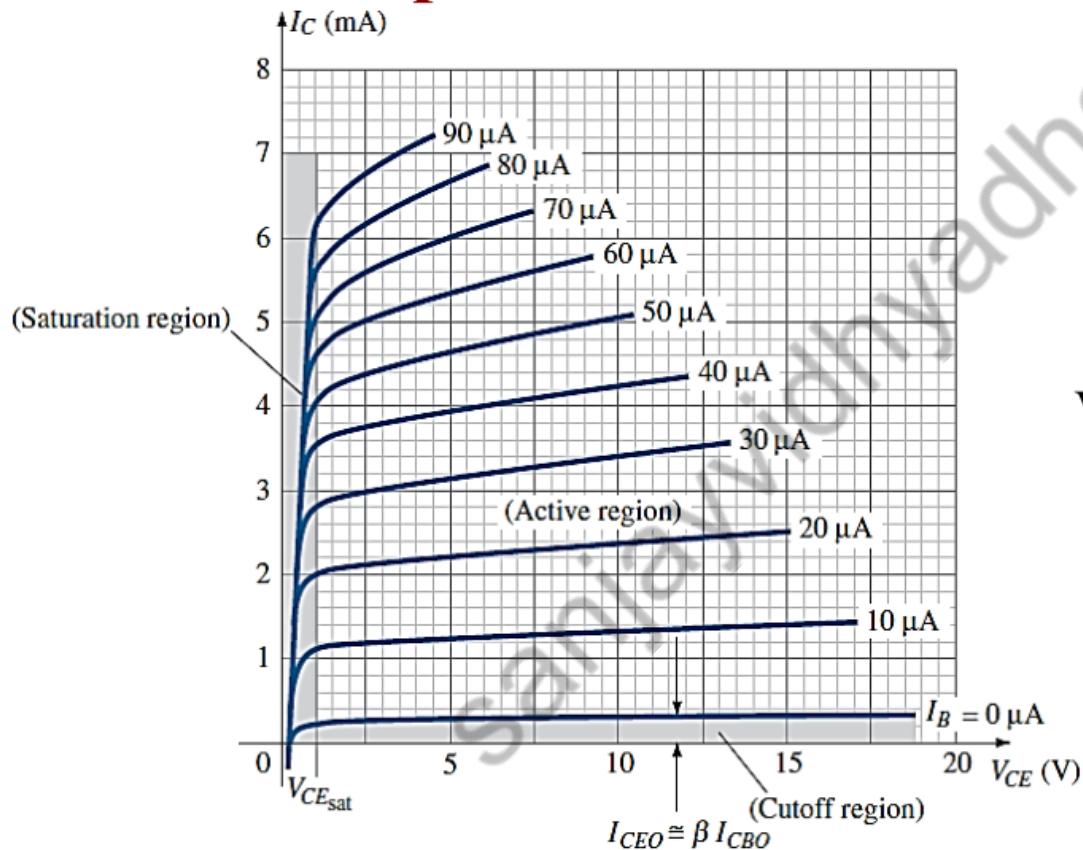
Notation:

- Input current (I_B)
- Input voltage (V_{BE})
- Output voltage (V_{CE})



Common-Emitter Configuration

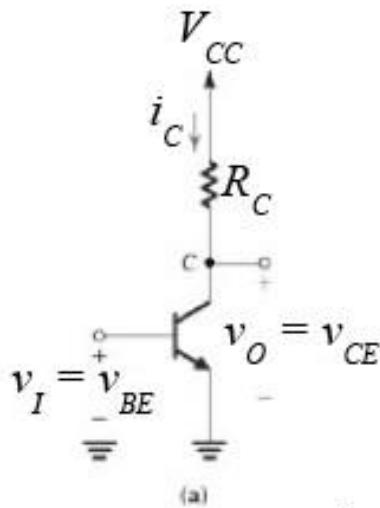
Output dc characteristics in Common-Emitter configuration



Notation:

- Output current (I_C)
- Output voltage (V_{CE})
- Input current (I_B)

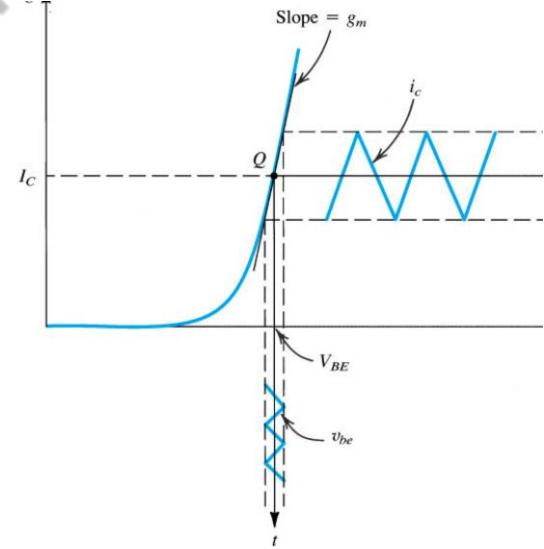
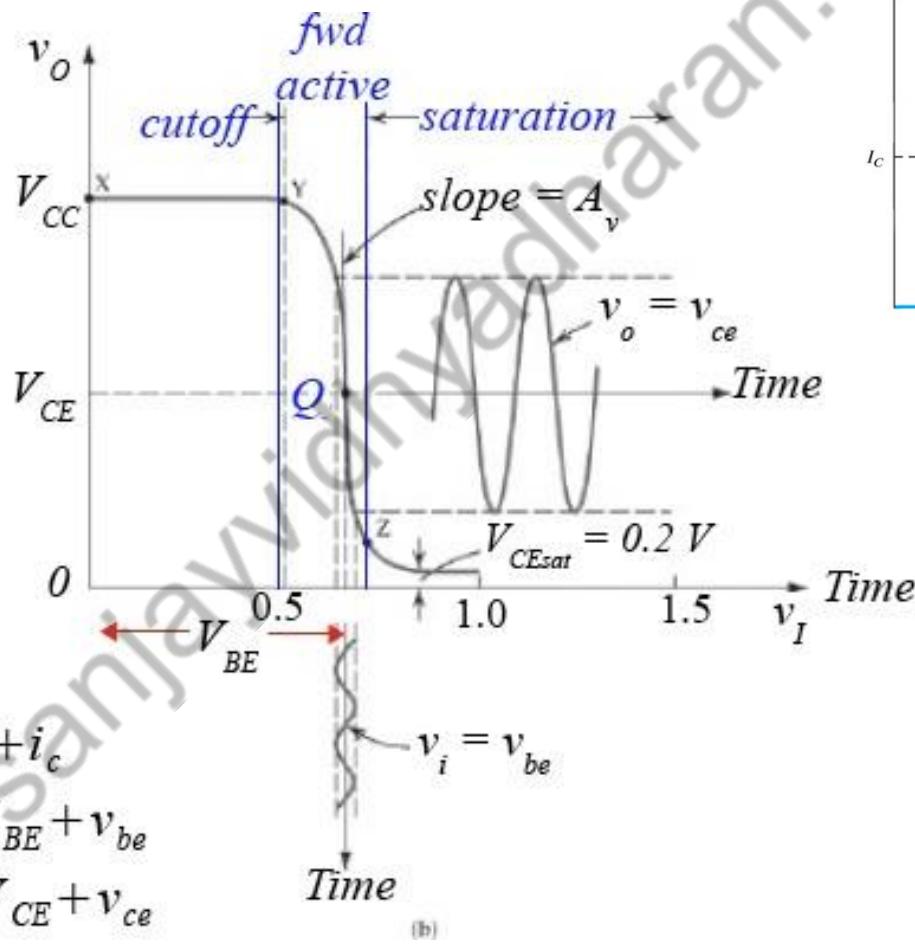
Common-Emitter Configuration



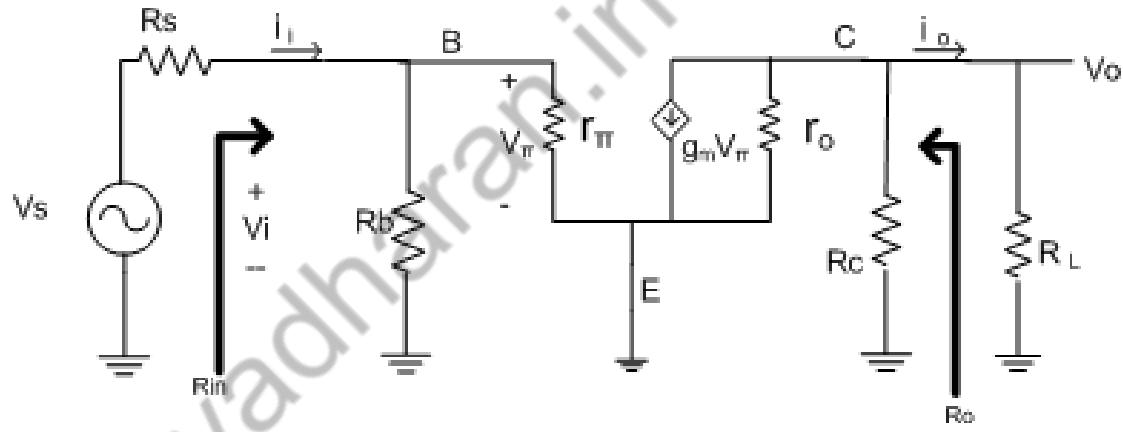
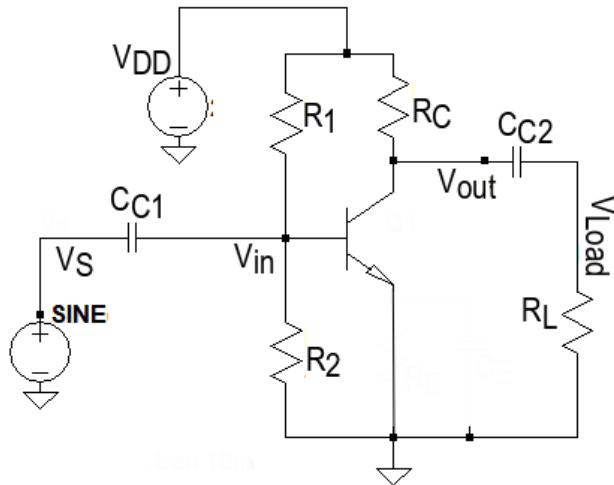
$$i_C = I_C + i_c$$

$$v_{BE} = V_{BE} + v_{be}$$

$$v_{CE} = V_{CE} + v_{ce}$$



Common-Emitter Configuration



$$g_m V_\pi = \beta i_b$$

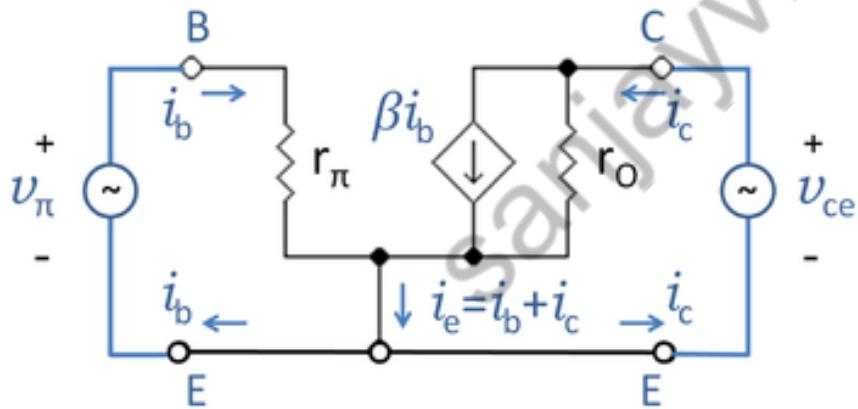
$$g_m = \frac{\beta i_b}{V_\pi} = \frac{\beta}{r_\pi}$$

$$V_{in} = i_b r_\pi \quad (Rs \ll r_\pi \ll R_b)$$

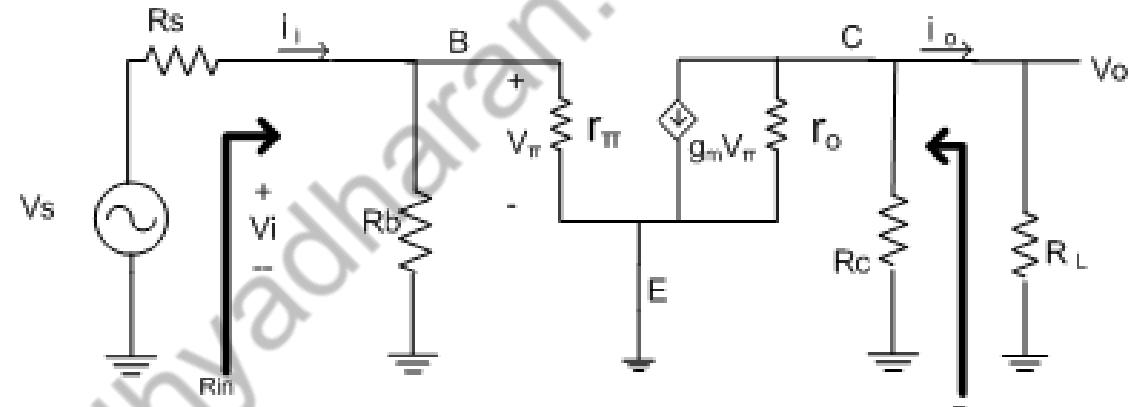
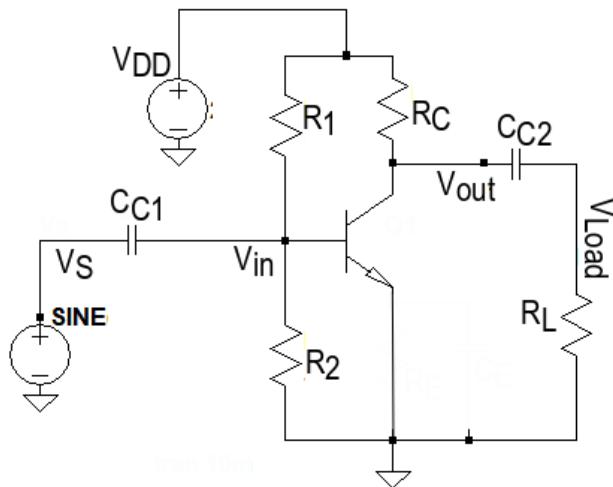
$$i_c = \beta i_b$$

$$V_{out} = -i_c R_C \quad (r_0 \gg R_C, R_L \gg R_C)$$

$$\text{Gain} = -\frac{\beta R_C}{r_\pi}$$



Common-Emitter Configuration



$$\text{Input Resistance } h_{ie} = R_b \parallel r_\pi$$

$$\text{Output Resistance } h_{oe} = R_c \parallel r_o$$

$$\text{Input Resistance } h_{ie} = r_\pi \quad (R_b \gg r_\pi)$$

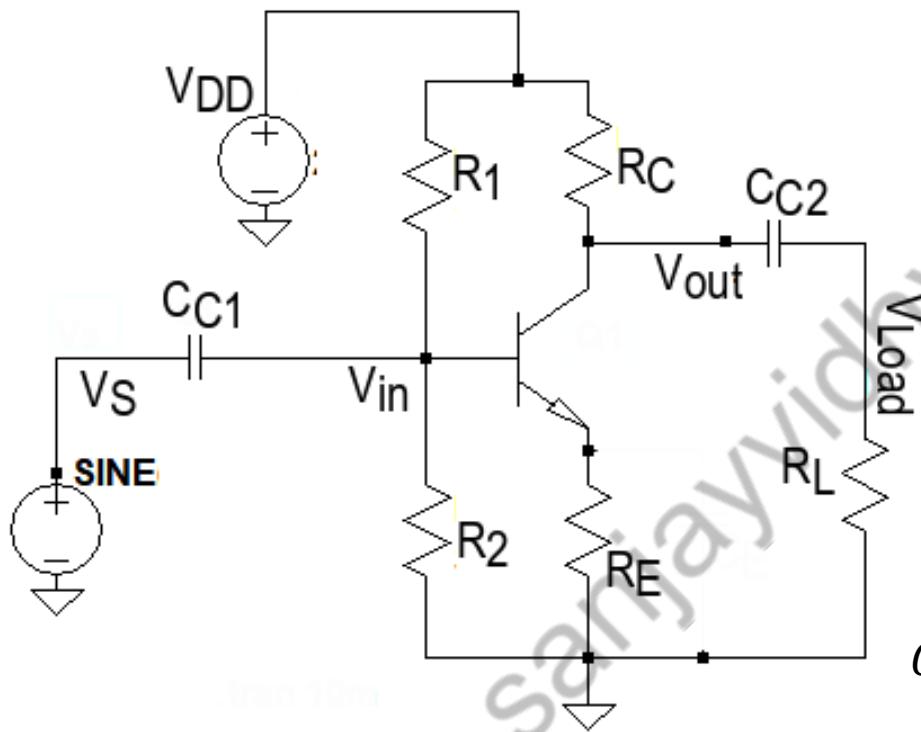
Current Gain

$$\text{Voltage Gain} = -\frac{\beta(R_C \parallel r_o \parallel R_L)}{r_\pi} \frac{(R_b \parallel r_\pi)}{(R_b \parallel r_\pi + R_S)}$$

Power Gain

Common-Emitter Configuration

Common-Emitter Configuration with Un-Bypassed Emitter Resistance



$$V_{in} = (r_\pi * i_b) + (i_e * R_E)$$

$$V_{in} = i_b * (r_\pi + (1 + \beta)R_E)$$

$$i_b = V_{in} / (r_\pi + (1 + \beta)R_E)$$

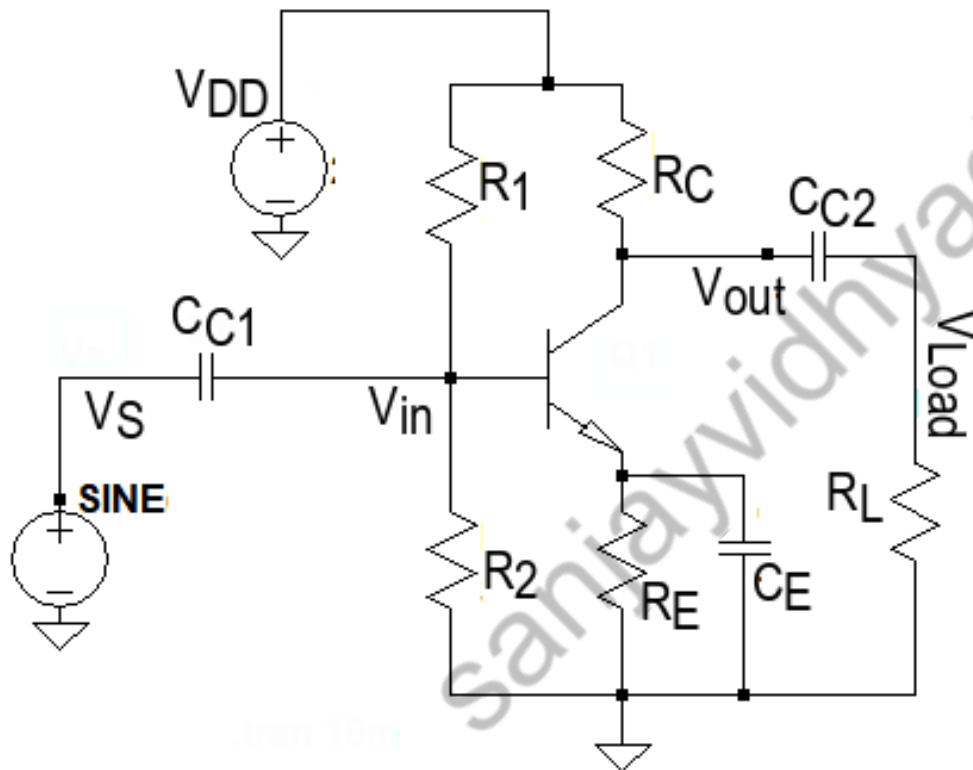
$$\text{Voltage Gain} = -R_c / R_E$$

$$\text{Input Resistance} = h_{ie} = r_\pi + (1 + \beta)R_E$$

$$\text{Output Resistance } h_{oe} = R_C \parallel (r_o + R_E)$$

Common-Emitter Configuration

Common-Emitter Configuration with Bypassed Emitter Resistance



$$V_{in} = r_\pi * i_b$$

$$i_c = \beta * i_b$$

$$V_{out} = -i_c R_C$$

$$Gain = -\beta R_C / r_\pi$$

$$Input\ Resistance\ h_{ie} = R_b || r_\pi$$

$$Input\ Resistance\ h_{ie} = r_\pi (R_b \gg r_\pi)$$

$$Voltage\ Gain = -\frac{\beta(R_C || r_o || R_L)}{r_\pi} \frac{(R_b || r_\pi)}{(R_b || r_\pi + R_S)}$$

$$Output\ Resistance\ h_{oe} = R_C || r_o$$

Current Gain

Power Gain

Common-Emitter Configuration

Design of Amplifier



24 V, 35 AH Battery



Microphone (10 mV)

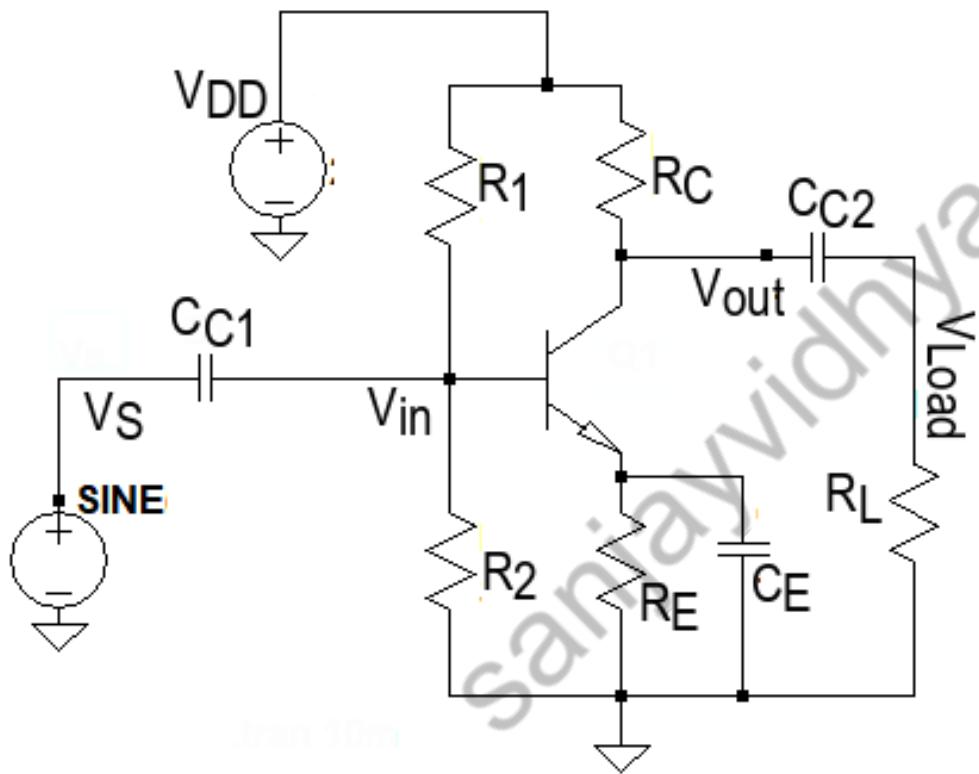


Speakers (8 Ohms) 1 V p-p
Gain 100



Audio Amplifier

Common-Emitter Configuration



$$R_C = \frac{24 - (2.4 + 0.2)}{2 \times 1mA} \approx 10 K$$

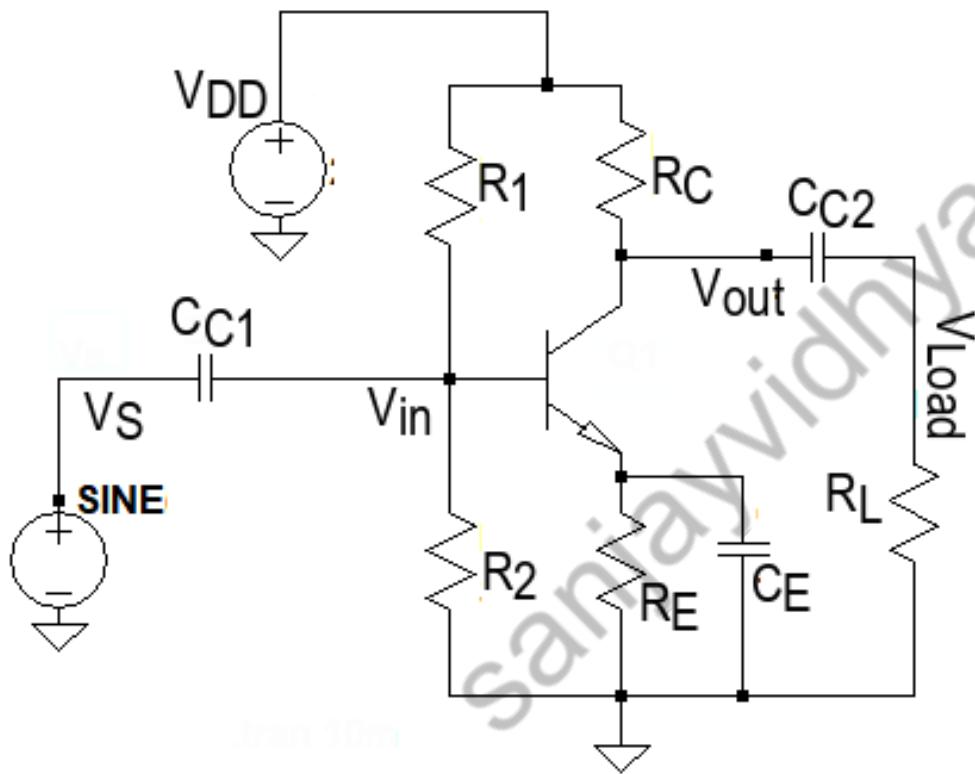
$$R_E = \frac{2.4}{2 \times 1mA} \approx 2.2 K$$

$$V_{BB} \approx 3.1 V$$

$$R_2 = \frac{3.1 \times 50}{10 \times 1mA} \approx 15 K$$

$$R_1 = \frac{21 \times 50}{10 \times 1mA} \approx 220 K$$

Common-Emitter Configuration



$$R_C = \frac{24 - (2.4 + 0.2)}{2 \times 1mA} \approx 10 K$$

$$R_E = \frac{2.4}{1mA} \approx 2.2 K$$

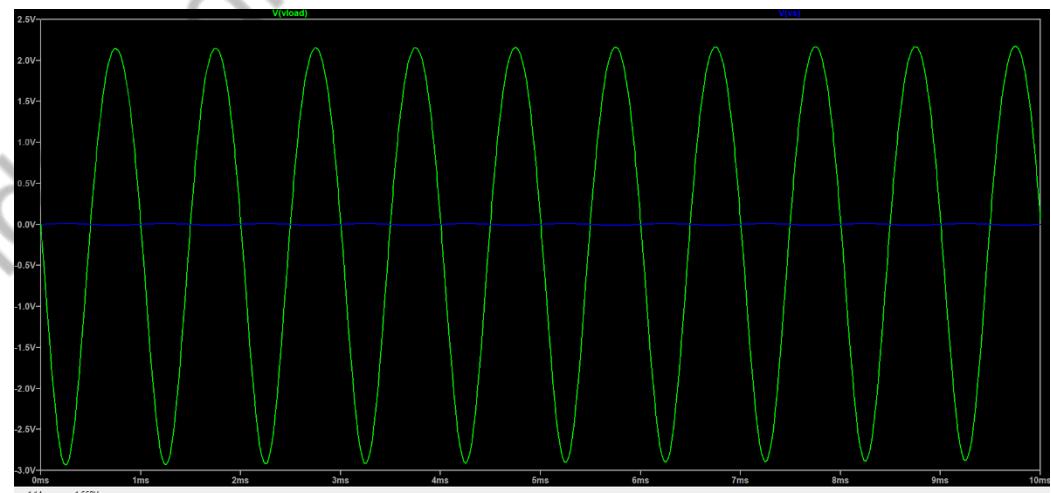
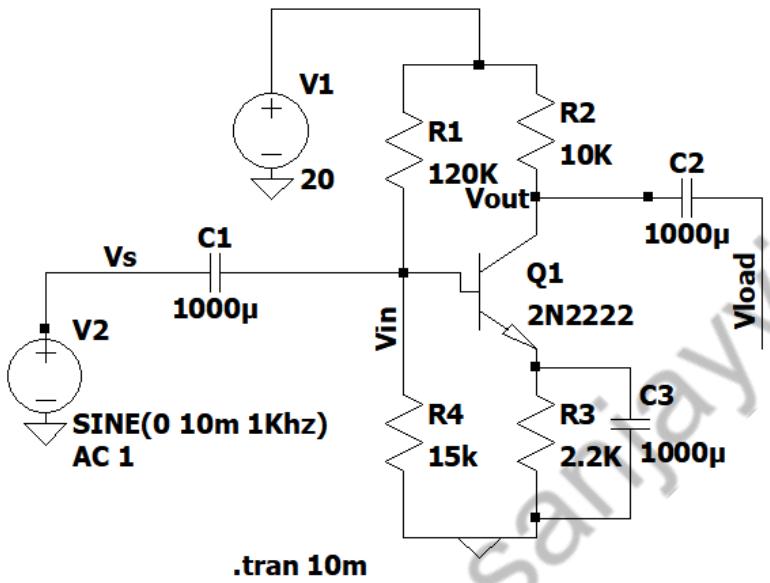
$$V_{BB} \approx 3.1 V$$

$$R_2 = \frac{3.1 \times 50}{10 \times 1mA} \approx 15 K$$

$$R_1 = \frac{21 \times 50}{10 \times 1mA} \approx 120 K$$

Common-Emitter Configuration

Design of Amplifier



$$Gain = -\beta R_C / r_\pi$$

Thank you